

BOW ISLAND REVIEW.

VOL. 1. NO. 18.

BOW ISLAND, ALBERTA, [SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1910.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 A YEAR

COLP'S HARDWARE

R. E. A. COLP, Proprietor

We wish to call your attention this week to our **HEATING & LIGHTING DEVICES**. They are the best that inventive ingenuity and manufacturing skill can produce. No time or expense has been spared in embodying in them every possible improvement.

THE RAYO LAMP

Is a well-constructed, handsome, centre draught lamp of unusual light-producing power, made of brass and beautifully nickelled. An ornament anywhere.

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Is acknowledged to be the only oil heater that really is perfect. It is a home comfort and always satisfies its purchaser.

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To-day RUBEROID is the recognized standard.

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POSTS. POSTS.

See our 10c. Posts

PIONEER LUMBER COY

A. F. DULMAGE, Manager.

Coal! Coal!

We have made arrangements to have a constant supply of domestic coal on hand, and shall be pleased to receive your order for same. **OLDEN EARLY.**

Beattie & Bratton

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE.

We Sell Hay, Oats, Shorts, Chop and Bran.

DRAY LINE IN CONNECTION.

John Deere Ploughs and Machinery.

In order to reduce my stock of Machinery and Harness, I am prepared to give satisfactory terms and prices on what I have left. Like all other business men, I would like to start the New Year with a new stock. Therefore, I shall be glad to dispose of what I have at a small profit. I have also a line of Fur Rows and other winter necessities that will be on hand at once. When in town call and see my stock.

A. Swennumson

Advertise in the "REVIEW."

DROUGHT LESSONS IN SOUTHERN ALBERTA.

Synopsis of Hugh MacIntosh's address at the Spokane Dry Farming Congress.

It is an acknowledged fact that the present season has been one of almost unprecedented drought, extending over the greater part of the semi-arid land of the west, and has, therefore, offered a severe test to the dry farming system. To show the severity of the test, the rainfall in Macleod for this season was 1.81 inches. But in spite of this there are many paying crops of both winter and spring wheat, fields of which run from 10 to 30 bushels per acre, according to methods of cultivation and preparation for the seed bed. Wherever the Campbell method of soil tillage has been put into practice there is a paying crop of wheat. The farmer whose rule and method is biennial cropping need have no fear of raising a profitable crop in a year of severe drought.

The methods I find that gave the best results this year on soil land were: Breaking the land in June, 1909, to a depth of four inches, well matted, rolling down immediately and then disking and harrowing sufficiently to form a loose mulch to fill in the crevices and prevent evaporation. I disced it well again this spring and harrowed and seeded with a good drill.

The rolling immediately is more important because it hastens and makes the rotting of the soil perfect.

Discing after the binder is not always advisable, as a great deal depends on the condition of the soil after harvesting. As a rule one falls away dry, and I therefore like to leave the stubble so as to catch the snow of winter. Then as soon as the land will die in the spring it is double disced and harrowed, which puts it in good shape to receive any moisture that falls and also starts weed seeds. Plowing should be done in June, followed close with the sub-surface packer and harrow, kept free from weeds by thorough cultivation which leaves the surface smooth and level.

The sub-surface packer has proved itself this year to be a most important implement for the farmer. I have seen a difference of three to four bushels per acre in favor of the packer this year, and I know a number of farmers in my district have added it to their list of implements this fall.

The season of 1910 should stand as an object lesson to all engaged in agriculture in the semi-arid belt, for it has been proved this year that it is not upon the amount of rainfall we get but upon the amount we save that we may hope to raise profitable crops. The favorable seasons are really the dangerous ones, because they carry the temptation to abandon or neglect good farming methods.

STAN. KETCHEL SHOT.

Springfield, Mo. October 18.—Stanley Ketchel, champion middleweight pugilist of the world, died here last night at 7:05 o'clock as a result of being shot early yesterday by Walter A. Hurtz, a ranch hand.

The shooting took place on the ranch of R. P. Dickerson, a friend of Ketchel, near Conway, forty miles east of here.

An hour before he died, Ketchel regained consciousness. There was then thought to be a slight chance for his recovery. His condition soon took a decided change for the worse, however, and he died quickly.

The pugilist died in the Springfield hospital, where he had been rushed on a special train chartered by Mr. Dickerson. Three physicians were on the train. An operation was performed on Ketchel at the ranch house in an attempt to locate the bullet. It was not found. A report from Conway has it that a 22 calibre bullet, the same pattern as that which inflicted Ketchel's wound, was found on the floor of the room in which the shooting took place. It is thought there is a possibility of this being the bullet that killed Ketchel.

A CATTLE CASE.

The prevalence of cattle stealing in Southern Alberta is causing the Police Court dockets to be filled with an unusual number of cases in which the penalties are severe. Last week a settler, Frank Marks, living near Elk water, was charged before Captain Parker, at Irvine, with having brandied and manacled a two-year-old bull belonging to S. Gligle. He was convicted and paid a fine of \$25, costs of \$8.00 and damages to Gligle of \$25. The extreme penalty is \$200 under Clause B, of Sec. 18.

BURDETT NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton were Bow Island visitors Sunday.

G. F. Bow has three carpenters and a plasterer finishing his two story residence.

Several Burdett people attended the dance at Bow Island on Friday. Those present report a very good time.

There were quite a few strangers in town Wednesday, and from what we can learn it cost several of them a few plunks for their visit.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Hodgkin of Bow Island were in Burdett for a short time Sunday. We are always glad to see them in our little city.

Mr. John Furness, who formerly owned the Burdett pool room, has left for Idaho where he has a good business. Mr. Furness expects to return in the spring, as he has a half section of land in Idaho.

Mr. Myers and Mr. Redman have returned from Magrath where they have been employed on a threshing outfit. They report the crops very good in general, pieces of wheat going over forty bushels to the acre.

A splendid rain fell Monday night and nearly all day Tuesday. Although not enough it helped breaking out much, we believe it will be a considerable help to farmers that have plenty of disking and harrowing to do.

Mr. Asthon and son Jim have taken the contract from the government to grade a road through the lake a mile north and a half mile west of town. This has been badly needed for some time and we believe it will be a great improvement.

Mr. Roy Lyons who resided nine miles northwest of town was in town here part of the week and claims the wheat crop went average of eight bushels per acre. This was not a very large yield but it helps some. Mr. Lyons had one hundred acres in one field.

Bow Bros. have three hundred acres ready for crop, and expect to have between one hundred and fifty and two hundred acres of wheat, oats and flax. It is their intention to have six hundred acres in if possible.

A Subscriber.

WINNIFRED.

Messrs. Agar and DeMarce are going on an antelope hunt this week, and have secured a license for this purpose.

There is some talk of boring for gas here. We hope the proposition will materialize, as it would help to boost the town considerably.

We are glad to announce that Winnifred has at last had an agent appointed here. Mr. R. E. Copeland arrived here on Wednesday to take up his duties in that capacity.

A gasoline threshing outfit has been at work in this district, threshing for Geo. Cope, Larson, McLean, DeMarce and others. This shows that the crop around here has not been failures altogether.

A local lodge of the I.O.O.F. was instituted here on Thursday night. A large body of visiting brethren were present from Taber, Grassy Lake and Bow Island. The two former towns each sending a degree team and the members of which are to be heartily congratulated upon their work. The names of the officers installed will be given in our next issue.

As there are a few in this district who do not know that it is necessary to procure a license for shooting big game we quote the Game Ordinance of Alberta as follows:—"No person shall hunt, trap, take, shoot at, wound or kill any big game protected by this Act without having in his possession a license duly issued to him so to do, which shall be known as a residents big game license."

A PIONEER WEDDING.

The first wedding in Bow Island took place at the Bow Island hotel on Wednesday night at 9 p.m., when Mr. Geo. Louisa and Miss C. A. Powell entered into the sacred bonds of matrimony, the Rev. H. M. Henderson being the officiating clergyman.

Mr. Louisa is the manager of the Pioneer Meat Market, his bride being the daughter of Mrs. and Mrs. F. L. Powell of Iron Springs, Alta.

Both bride and bridegroom are well and popularly known in Bow Island and the good wishes of a host of friends will follow them upon their matrimonial voyage.

Mr. and Mrs. Louisa will reside upon their farm three miles south-west of Bow Island.

S. Andrew's Presbyterian Church

Public Services every Sunday Evening at 7.30

Sunday School at 11.00 a.m.

Subject for next Sunday Evening:

"The Popular Christ."

SPECIAL MUSIC BY THE CHOIR

There is a Seat, a Hymn Book, a hearty welcome extended to all

REV. ROBT. ROSS, Pastor.

Turkey Turkey

I have contracted with a local farmer for a supply of the young turkeys for Thanksgiving. Call and leave your order to save being disappointed as the supply is limited.

THE BIG MARKET
PIONEER MEAT
MARKET.
B. T. WHITNEY - - - PROP.

WAR ON THE White Slave Trade.

400 p. illustrated book showing the schemes employed in trading girls and women. Written by leaders in the movement. A large amount to be had every home. Price \$1.50 postpaid. Remit by postal note, Rev. H. Arnold, 201 Balmoral St., Medicine Hat, Alta.

The "Review" for Job Printing.

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Best Brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

The Leading Hotel

in Bow Island.

Two Big Sample Rooms in connection.

Headquarters for Farmers & Ranchers

Rates—\$2.00 a day.

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A COMPLETE LINE OF BUILDING MATERIAL

Lumber
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Building Paper
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The Way To Wealth

is found by forming habits of economy. Spend a little less than you earn and put the surplus in a Savings Account where interest will be added twice a year.

The Bank of British North America

will receive deposits of \$1.00 and upwards.

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Bow Island Branch - - W. E. HOPKINS, Acting Manager.
Burdett Branch - - H. R. POWELL, Acting Manager.

DAME FASHION'S DECREES

THIS is the so-called dead season in the realm of fashion, in the showrooms of the big shops and private dress makers. The emporiums are looking their very best in variations, and apparently for just a brief space of time the alluring question of dress is in abeyance; but it is only a very brief space after all, and in the meantime designers are busy with the winter models so soon to be displayed to the general public, while the fashionists of the season wait for an occasional glimpse of what will be long to give out for appreciation or disapproval.

This is the season above all others when clothes are thoroughly enjoyed, when gowns are being worn, not being made, and when, in consequence, women are looking their very best in the fascinating gowns on which so much time, thought and

is veiled, the overdone finished merely with a wide band of trimming. The skirts come in front and a most popular fashion for the veiled gowns has a narrow band of embroidery cutting the two fronts. Pearl, crystal, jet or silver beads are used for this embroidery or some effective pattern, the latter much less expensive; or a fold of satin or velvet ribbon is also effective.

One of the distinct afternoon gowns is of palest mauve silk, made with coat to match. Skirt, waist and collar are accented pleated, and skirt and coat alike are finished only with a wide hemstitching. The model is an extremely graceful one of copy, for with accented pleats or tucks there is always danger that the figure will not look well. But this gown, made by an artist in the dressmaking profession, is so carefully and perfectly cut that the pleats merely give straight lines and make the wearer slender. The only trimming is the transparent lace yoke and collar, and perhaps a bow of real Valenciennes lace, or revers and cuffs of the finest lingerie trimmed with narrow Valenciennes. These simple gowns, with the touch of real lace and hand work, have an immense amount of style and originality, and are in delightful contrast with the too exaggerated and over-elaborate fashions that challenge attention by their eccentricity, and are gaining in favor every day. They are far from cheap, for as yet they require to be made by the best of work people, but it will not be long before the knowledge of how to attain the simple lines that are so becoming will be acquired, and the women of good taste are already living in their praise of such fashions.

Striped voiles are made up in most effective gowns for afternoon entertainments and are also used for dinner and theatre gowns. The black satin stripe with a pale rose or mauve ribbon or voile is attractive in coloring, and if not too wide a stripe, is invariably becoming. These striped materials are made up over plain color, preferably white, and are charmingly light and easy in appearance. Then for those who like the striped effects there are the soft finish laces in black and white. A popular model for a theatre gown is of this design, the skirt made with the material drawn across the front and laid in the pleats at the left quite high on the skirt; the back is one double knot pleat, gives an exaggerated high waist effect that is softened and modified by four ruche buttons that hold down the pleat to the normal waist line. The front of the waist crosses at one side and has revers of the silk over which are revers of the finest hand embroidered batiste bordered with narrow black satin. Yoke and collar are of the batiste; the sleeves fit close to the arm and are so long that they wrinkle through gloves and are finished at the wrist by a twist of bright ermine satin. There is also a belt of the same satin that does not cross the front at the back and is finished at the left with a stiff hoop that stands up against the waist. It is a real theatre gown and looks well with a three corner hat of blue black erin with plumes.

Satin, as it is said, is going out of fashion on account of its too great popularity, but let no woman who has enjoyed it in its dressmaking, for never were there so many attractive fashions as there are this season. At the same time, every effort is being made to introduce silks of all kinds. Changeable effects in queer ribbed silks, in noisette, are among the very latest novelties, while the most fascinating of summer gowns are of the various kinds of silk, and there is every indication that silk gowns are to be most fashionable next winter for the theatre and restaurant. The old fashioned colors and the pastel shades are in demand for the picture.

GOWN OF Cornflower Blue Voile

Incidentally, money has been expended. Summer gowns are considerably becoming, and this year there are many different materials that the variety is endless, while it is quite a fall to combine colors and fabrics that formerly were considered impossible. One method feature of this summer is that the all white gown is so rarely seen. White is worn, lots of white, but rarely without the relief of some color often most effectively introduced in the lining, if the material of the gown is transparent, or in the collar, a narrow satin band as a finish, or if the waist is in surplice folds, then just an edge of color outlines the line of the waist. The waist, in surplice folds, has a dark belt narrow cloth band, and the short sleeves are finished with a cloth cuff. A pointed collar of high collar and a cloth cuff. A pointed collar of high collar and a cloth cuff. A pointed collar of high collar and a cloth cuff.

Apparent but most delicate simplicity is the first effect given by the summer gown of white voile. The skirt is short and round. It is finished around the front with either a wide cloth band or two of medium width, the same color as the voile. The waist, in surplice folds, has a dark belt narrow cloth band, and the short sleeves are finished with a cloth cuff. A pointed collar of high collar and a cloth cuff. A pointed collar of high collar and a cloth cuff. A pointed collar of high collar and a cloth cuff.

Notwithstanding the simplicity of the first effect given by the summer gown of white voile, the skirt is short and round. It is finished around the front with either a wide cloth band or two of medium width, the same color as the voile. The waist, in surplice folds, has a dark belt narrow cloth band, and the short sleeves are finished with a cloth cuff. A pointed collar of high collar and a cloth cuff. A pointed collar of high collar and a cloth cuff. A pointed collar of high collar and a cloth cuff.

The combining of two colors or two materials, or both, is very smart, and, strange to say, is now most cleverly designed so that there is no sharp line to make the figure shorter. A most charming gown is of the same pattern, voile, with the lower part of the skirt either of light weight black cloth or of a heavier material. The pattern of the skirt is extremely simple in loose, narrow accordion pleats; the fulness is gathered into the waist band, while the black at the lower half of the skirt is low full. The waist matches the skirt, with the lower part of the fulness pattern and the upper of black, white or cream lace and voile and collar. On the side of the waist and skirt is a row of buttons with loops of brain, giving the effect of a buttoned skirt at the side. This breaks the too round appearance of the straight band of black. The skirt is tipped with the same straight band of black. The skirt is tipped with the same straight band of black. The skirt is tipped with the same straight band of black.

The style is a difficult one to copy, it is so generally becoming that it is certain to remain popular for some time.

Veiled gowns are not new, but none the less they are extremely fashionable, and the fashion is so general that it is heart to the heart of the great majority of womenfolk. An evening gown that has been worn so often that it is both shabby and too well known to be easily renewed, is carefully mended and made to look like new if it is draped or veiled with diffused or marbled or some other effective pattern. A charming gown of white crepe de chine and yellow lace that had lost its freshness and color, as well as its attractiveness, was transformed by being veiled in yellow chiffon, entirely

Green Colored Voile Embroidered with Blue and Gold

gowns, that are truly copied from the old prints, but picture gowns are not to be rashly recommended, and, in fact, are not to be worn by a woman unless she is able to dress in picturesque fashion.

The home dressmaker who wishes to remodel a gown and make it necessary to add some new trimming or to increase the fullness in the height of the fashion if she chooses either black velvet or black satin for the additional material. According to the very recent designs of Paris gowns, these two materials are considered suitable for the adornment of any costume in the wardrobe, and from suits of serge and cashmere to ball gowns one finds them figuring prominently as guarantees. Sometimes a little of the velvet or satin is used, perhaps merely a bow for the collar or a band to edge the skirt. The most delicate and effective use of velvet or satin will be made of the black material, either velvet or satin. The velvet of the rest of the material does not seem to matter, as the black trimming appears on garments of all shades as well as all styles. The light, medium and dark costumes it seems to be considered equally desirable.

TALK No. 2

FOOD scientists condemn alum as unfit for use in food, and the time will come when it will be as rigorously excluded from food in Canada as it is now condemned in Great Britain.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

Does not contain Alum



MAGIC makes pure delicious, healthful biscuits, cake and pastry. Protect yourself against alum powders by insisting on MAGIC BAKING POWDER.

MAGIC is a medium priced baking powder and the only well-known one made in Canada that does NOT contain alum.

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FREE COOK BOOK. On loan and rendered a copy of Magic Baking Powder and address on request and this valuable little book will be mailed free of charge.

No. 61

DAINTY DISHES

When Making a Rich Custard—Never sweeten it till cooked, and it will not turn to curd so easily.

To Obtain Clear Jelly or Soup—Boil the mixture for moment with the heat of white of an egg, then strain through a fine cloth.

Before Cooking Tapioca—Soak it in water till it is considerably swollen, and allow one pint and a half of milk to every ounce of tapioca, weigh before cooking.

Soft Bread Balls—Take one pound of baker's dough and knead into it one ounce and a half of butter, two ounces of sugar, and a beaten egg. Set to rise in form into rolls, and bake in a moderate oven.

Fried Vegetable Marrow.—Stew a vegetable marrow in weak stock, then drain thoroughly and stamp into neat rounds; drain quite dry. Dip into beaten egg and bread-crumbs, and fry in a golden oil. Serve piled on a doily with green chives scattered around.

German Sausage Balls.—Wash a nice lettuce and drain it well on a clean cloth. Break the lettuce into six pieces and lay them on a dish with alternate slices of German sausage and cold beef. Arrange in a stack of tomato and onion on the top, and garnish with vegetables.

Swiss Dressing.—Fry a beefsteak lightly and cut it into good sized pieces. Place in a stewing jar with an onion stuck through, a little salt, pepper and salt. Add enough water to cover. Boil the cover on, and simmer the contents for two hours and a half. To serve, place on a hot dish, pour the strained gravy over, and garnish with vegetables.

For a Plain Custard.—To each cup of egg allow a teaspoonful of vanilla sugar and the same quantity of flour. Mix half a pint of milk. Place the eggs, flour, and sugar into a rinsed saucepan and stir them for a few minutes to blend. Add the milk, and stir slowly till the custard thickens, then pour into a basin and flavor to taste. Stir at intervals till cool.

To Boil Eggs.—Fill the bottles with only good sound fresh, fill up with cold water. Set the bottles in a large pan, cook round with bay, and fill it with cold water. Let the water come to the boil, and then tie over with bladder at once. Set in a dry place to boil. Drain off the water and use the fresh fruit for cooking.

Baguette Biscuits.—These are more popular, if known. Such five ounces of sugar for every pound in use for a large loaf. Drain off any water that remains, pour over a pint of water, and boil with, add some sugar and flavoring. Let all boil up, and cook gently till the sugar is done and the milk absorbed. Then pour into a wet mold, and when set, serve with preserve.

about six cups of our Holy Scriptures.

This marble Bible is engraved in the full language, thought to be that spoken by Buddha himself in 500 B.C. Photographs of these inscriptions have been received Europe, and the greatest linguists of the continent have examined them, who assert that, if His Majesty Hindem thought to perpetuate the teaching of the great Buddha by causing it to be engraved on a rock, he would select a vain ambition.

The temple of Burma is moist, and its climate is so hot that the marble, the photographs showing a partial effect of some of the Burmese characters in which the full text is engraved.

ONE FOR THE WIFE

It was the same old story of a man who refused to tell his wife the outcome of a business transaction in which he was engaged, and of which we have not yet heard the result.

"No," he answered, "I won't tell you. If I did, you'd repeat it. You women can never keep a secret."

"Oh, don't mind a woman quietly," he said, "I have told the secret about the marble engraving over your own shoulders years ago being posted!"

THE PROBLEM IN THE FIRELY

SIXTY years ago, the first of the present means of artificial light and regard it as a strange thing, although it is now the most common problem of obtaining cheap light, as we see at the beginning of the twentieth century, so far from the solution. The efficiency of the steam engine and the dynamo has increased enormously; but in the production of artificial light we have made but small advance. Out of every hundred tons of coal delivered at our gas works something like ninety-eight tons are said to be wasted so far as the production of light is concerned, and appear as useless heat. Yet nature has by some mysterious process, of which we have not yet learned the secret, solved the problem of economical light. In the firefly we find a means by which the expenditure of any radiant heat discoverable by the most skilful chemist. When the physiological chemist can find out the means by which this little creature affords such illumination, we shall be nearer the solution of a problem of vast importance to mankind.

Red, Weak, Worn, Watery Eyes. Have your eyes examined by Dr. J. H. Muller, for Your Eyes. Yes, Your Eyes. Write for Eye Book. Free. Muller Eye Remedy Co. Toronto.

in SHOE POLISH

means foot comfort. It keeps leather soft and pliable—makes shoes last longer. Does not contain any Turpentine, Acids, or other injurious ingredients. Brilliant shine and does not dry the feet.

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WINNIPEG, MAN.

The Bow Island Review

A Town and Country Journal Devoted to the Interests of Bow Island and Surrounding Districts.

Published at Bow Island every Saturday Morning.
Subscription Price \$1.50 Per Year in advance.

W. P. Cotton

Publisher and Prop.

Local Topics.

Rev. R. Ross was a visitor to the Lindquist ranch Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Crouch returned from North Dakota this week.

Mr. Salsbury of Selma, N.D., was a visitor to Bow Island on Monday.

Mrs. Umber and Miss Palford were visiting in Bow Island on Tuesday.

W. Jones is breaking 150 acres on his pre-emption adjacent to city limits.

Miss Nellie Byers is visiting with her sister, Mrs. Bellamy at Sunnyvale.

Rev. Robt. Ross reports good congregations at River District north of Bow Island.

The subject in the Presbyterian Church next Sunday will be "The Popular Christ."

Bow Island experienced another heavy rain on Monday, there being a steady downpour all day.

There will be high mass on Sunday next in Lindquist Hall in connection with the Roman Catholic Church.

Taher has succeeded in getting a flow of gas at 700 feet, which however is not at present of very great volume.

From present indications we judge there will be double the average under crop next year as compared with this.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Cotton have moved into the residence south of the track recently vacated by Mr. and Mrs. R. Heid.

Try and remember the Thanksgiving social at the Presbyterian Church on Friday, October 28th. Supper from 5 to 8 p.m.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Brown of Lethbridge arrived here on Wednesday in their auto on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Swenson.

The telephone central has been removed from the offices E. C. Ludtke to Wilmore's fruit and confectionery store.

Two C.P.R. freight trains collided at Kinlaid siding last Friday morning, forty miles away from Medicine Hat. No injuries are reported outside of George Whittaker, a tramp, whose legs were broken. A large number of cars were wrecked and the main line was tied up for several hours.

All Saints Parish Church is the name by which the new Anglican Church of this town will be known. It will be dedicated on All Saints Day, Tuesday, November 1st, by the Rt. Reverend Lord Bishop of Calgary, at 10 a.m. Besides the Bishop the clergy from Lethbridge, Taber, Medicine Hat, Irvine and Maple Creek are expected to be present as well as the Rev. W. H. Mowat, Pioneer Missionary of the Western Canada Council. These will take part in the services. A very cordial invitation is extended to everyone to attend this service. Contractor Brophy hopes to have the new church ready for use some time next week, so that the congregation will be able to use it for the first time on Sunday the 20th inst. It is very satisfactory to know that the energetic committee appointed to raise funds for this new church were so successful that the new building when opened will be entirely free of debt.

J. R. Fortune returned on Wednesday from Glenburn, N. D.

W. R. Wright, of the Bank of British North America here left Saturday last upon a holiday trip to South Battleford.

If you are thinking of getting a fall suit or overcoat, don't fail to see Bygg, the Bow Island tailor. 500 of the latest and up-to-date samples to pick from. He guarantees fit, style and workmanship. Also Dry cleaning, pressing and repairing.

A convention in connection with the Sunday School and Young People's Society will be held at Calgary on October 31. This is the ninth provincial convention of the Alberta Sunday School Association. Special reduced rates will prevail upon the occasion.

A couple of coal prospectors were in town on Tuesday looking over the situation with a view to opening up one of the many coal mines around Bow Island. They spoke very highly indeed of the local coal and stated that in the opinion, it was fully equal to the Lethbridge article.

Birthings.—On Tuesday, Oct. 4, to Mr. and Mrs. W. B. a ring 39-0-0, a daughter.

FOSTER'S FORECAST.

Washington, D.C., Oct. 18.—My first bulletin gave forecasts of disturbance to cross continent 18 to 22, warm wave 17 to 21, cold wave 20 to 24. Unusually warm weather will be the feature. Severe weather on Pacific coast, but when this disturbance passes east of meridian 30 it will lose force in all its features.

Next disturbance will reach Pacific coast about 25, cross Pacific slope by close of 24, great central valleys 26 to 27, eastern sections 28. Warm wave will cross Pacific slope about 28, great central valleys 28 to 29, eastern sections 29. Cold wave will cross Pacific slope about 29, great central valleys 28, eastern sections 29.

This disturbance will bring great and important changes in all the weather features. A change from summer heat to winter's cold with snows in northern sections where summer showers have prevailed. This change will begin on meridian 90, near 24, then warmer, followed by a cold wave and freezing in northern sections. This weather programme will hold good a little east of that line and a little later east of it.

Within the five days of which the 20th will be the central day, a great change will occur on all parts of the earth. It will be an electrical storm of great force. It will come through the south magnetic pole of the earth and will affect the southern hemisphere. The effect in these latitudes will be to increase the intensities of all weather features. More within the lower storm centers; clearer skies within the high and colder increases of rains in rain sections and increase of drought in the drought sections; warmer southeast of the low and colder north of the low. Watch conditions near Oct. 20. Last week of October will bring a change for farmer and planter. Cool season closing in the southerly freezing weather and stock feeding time in the north corner gathering on and the number of new milkings and half-length cows with no corn, in greater quantities than city farmers have used.

Next bulletin will give general forecast of the coming November winter weather. The Indians and hunters of the west predict a very cold winter.

FOREST FIRES REVEAL STORIES OF FORTITUDE.

In the aftermath of the recent disastrous forest fires which destroyed several Minnesota towns and resulted in heavy loss of life, numerous stories of heroism and suffering were revealed, and in the distribution of stores to needy sufferers there were several interesting incidents. The harrowing stories told by survivors are all more or less similar, and the experience of one community will serve to illustrate what hundreds went through. One Weaver, who just got in to-day from Rapid River,

walked 22 miles to get here, relates the experience of himself and neighbors. Weaver is the owner of a home stead, and a man from Bandette, Carl Baker, was stopping at his place when they heard the fire coming and observed that a high wind was blowing in their direction. They took shovels and ran to the river. The banks were high there and they dug out a great hole in the bank immediately in front of a four acre clearing. They also saw some good places for a fire sufficient for both to crawl into. When the fire swooped over Weaver says the flames seemed to be a mile high and he compared the bank of flame to a tidal wave of burning oil. Both men had wet blankets which they were holding in front of them, but it got so hot that Weaver thought they could not live many minutes. The bed of the river is pretty well dried out, but there was a little pond in front of their refuge about a foot deep and towards this Weaver rushed and left the other man behind. He lay down in the water on his back holding the blanket above his head, and before he could protect himself the clothing was all burned off one hip which was exposed. The flesh was badly burned. Meanwhile, Baker lay back in the hole, every inch of his body burning hot, and he was almost suffocated by the heat and smoke. A rifle which had been brought along was lying on six feet from Baker, and the shells in the magazine exploded, bursting a large hole in the steel barrel. Weaver says the wind was travelling at sixty miles an hour and that a whirling flame travelled in front of the main body of the fire. For thirty minutes they thought they would never get out alive. Of their neighbors, seven died, with his wife and four children, hid in a room house in the centre of a white clearing. They lost their house, but their barn and their land were saved, and this was the only building left standing in the district.

John Svenson, who lived with his wife and ten children in the centre of a forty acre clearing, hid his house and cattle to trees in the centre of this clearing and rushed to the river, a quarter of a mile away. Two nights previous that the river had been skinned with ice, and the ice intensely cold water the whole family melted. The youngest child, aged months, may die as a result from exposure. The horses, which were 300 yards from the house, were totally unsmoked, as were also about 3,000 poles brought to town. The family will stay in Bandette for the winter.

James Smith and Ole Hagen, who were living together, rushed for the river. They were lucky. Their horses were not yet born. They threw three poles across it, and put a tent over them, which they covered with straw. They held a wet blanket over the door. Both men escaped and saved two turkeys. John Mattson, his wife and a man named Edward Larson, who were there, stayed in a well all night. Their house was burned, and a cow, which they had tied to a tree, was so badly burned that they immediately shot it. These people, as the story goes, who stayed in the tent, both boards covered with a skin, were killed. The average well is ten feet, and many were obliged to stand in the well for four hours. The Mattson, Olson and Svenson families are all living in one roomhouse at the present time. They slaughtered a cow, and are living on a diet of meat and vegetables. They have no blankets, but are living in a skin tent. All three families will build again at once.

Mr. Walker, one of those who escaped from the Bandette fire, furnishes a striking example of what may be done by a man under the stress of circumstances. He was a sick man when the fire began, unable to move from his bed. He passed through an experience which many would not willingly face, and to-day he is out and around, growing well and stronger each day.

"I was in bed with typhoid fever on Monday when the fire started," he said, in describing his experience. "I can never recall the cause of the flames, and when my wife came in crying with fear I did not know what to do for her. I was in bed. Finally when the flames came nearer, and it was seen that we were in danger, I got up. I saw four overcoats my weakness. I pulled them off and carried them. I was afraid of blankets and carried them. I was in the river. I saw the fire. The fire approached we waded into the stream. I did not know how long we stayed there but it seemed a long time. When the fire had passed we were out and made our way to safety. I cannot understand it. Before the fire I was too weak to get up, and to-day I am able to be around, and though somewhat weak, am not suffering at all."

Good Ride.
Careful Driving.
Best Attention given to Patron at all times.

Stables near railway

Geo. Herber, late Proprietor

Seize the Opportunity

To lay one of our Cheap Lots in the original Township of Bow Island, before they double in price. We have good coal mines opening up close to town, a gas well with an enormous flow, and a good agricultural country surrounding. We can believe that that we shall have a big town. For the last time we quote our lots at the following figures:—

\$35, \$50, \$75, \$100 & \$125
According to location.

Corner Lots on Main Street \$500.

For Terms, etc., apply to
NEEDHAM & BAKER, owners
BOW ISLAND, Alta.

E. C. LUDTKE LAND CO.

Dealers in
Farm Lands & Town Lots

We write Fire, Life and Tornado Insurance on City or Town Property. We can draw your last will, draw your Mortgage deed and transfer your property.

When we act as your agents you can feel at ease. All business strictly attended to. Notary Public, etc. Your Trade Solicited.

FUNERAL SUPPLIES

A full line of Caskets and Funeral Supplies on hand at reasonable prices.
E. B. Loucks, Bow Island Planning Mill

QUONG SANG RESTAURANT

Opposite Myrtle Hotel.
Meals at all hours.

FRESH FRUIT DAILY.

Delicious Confectionery.
GOOD BREAD.
10c a Loaf, 3 for 25c.

Good Laundry in connection.
CHARLEY YIP YEN, Proprietor

JIM TOO Restaurant

Open Day and Night.
Serves Order Meals a Specialty. Give us a call when in town and our service will surprise you.

Fresh Fruit Daily.

Main St. - West End

Professional

GEO. P. POITIER
Licensed Auctioneer.
Valuator and Appraiser.
Grassy Lake, Alta.

Miscellaneous

For Sale.
Ninety bushels good Fall Wheat for sale. \$1.25 per bushel.—Apply Houghlin's.

Bull For Service.

The undersigned has a Pollard Angus Bull, a fully registered sire who offers for service. Fee \$50, at time of service. Also, when needed, a calf.—A. Henson, Sec. 2, P. R. 10, Bow Island, P. O., Alta.

The "Review" for Up-to-date Printing

CHURCH SERVICES.

Methodist Church.—Services every Sunday at the Schoolhouse at 2 p.m. Sunday School 2 p.m. Mr. Walter Wright, 5-10-14, at 10 a.m., and Burdett at 7:30 p.m. A cordial invitation is extended to all.—Rev. H. Ross, minister.

St. Andrew's.—11 a.m., Sabbath School and Bible Class, 7:30 p.m. Regular Service. All made heartily welcome.—Rev. H. Ross, minister.

Church of England.—Service in the original Township of Bow Island, before they double in price. We have good coal mines opening up close to town, a gas well with an enormous flow, and a good agricultural country surrounding. We can believe that that we shall have a big town. For the last time we quote our lots at the following figures:—

\$35, \$50, \$75, \$100 & \$125
According to location.

Your Household Provided.

If You Want

To build a House or Barn allow us to figure on the Hardware with you.

If You Want

To fence your farm we'll be pleased to tell you the amount of wire that you will require.

If You Want

To furnish your Home we will do it at a moderate cost.

If You Want

To lay in a Winter's Supply of Fresh Groceries we can save you money on them.

THESE PRICES WILL

INTEREST THE

KEENEST BUYER.

GROCERIES.

White Navy beans, price per lb.	5c
Burns' Bacon, price per lb.	22c
" (sliced)	25c
Burns' Hams,	22c
Corn Flakes, per package	10c
Malta Vita	12c
Force	15c
Grape Nuts	18c
Puffed Rice	12c
Germaide, 10 lb. sack	40c
Rolls Oats, B & K brand, 8 lbs.	35c
" 20 lbs.	75c
Royal Household Flour, 49's	1.75
" 98's	3.50
Robin Hood Flour, 49's	1.75
" 98's	3.50
Ogilvie's Patent Glenora, 49's	1.60
" 98's	3.15
Raisins, seeded, 10 oz. packets, 3 for	25c
Strawberries, 2 lb. tins, 2 for	25c
Tomatoes, 3 lb. tins, 2 for	25c
Peas, 2 lb. tins, 2 for	25c

HARDWARE.

Standard Goods only. Manufacturer's name stamped on every piece, insuring the genuineness of the article purchased. "Buck Brand" Heaters have no equal. We have them in all sizes.
Special Oak, No. 13, price 8.50
" No. 15, price 13.50
" No. 18, price 15.50
Nail Hammers, steel faced 75c

Kitchen Cabinet, \$7.50; larger size, four drawers, \$13.50. Nice line of Couches at \$7.00. Full line of Beds and Mattresses.

No order is too large for us to fill and none too small. We need your business, and we have and can deliver the goods.

... BOW ISLAND ...

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